Using Personal Annotations to Enrich Interactions with Videos

contact@olivieraubert.net @Olivier_Aubert

Context

- Audiovisual annotation/metadata
 - How to bridge the semantic gap?
 - What do we need annotations for?

- 2 dimensions
 - Personal annotations
 - Document (hypervideo) building from annotations

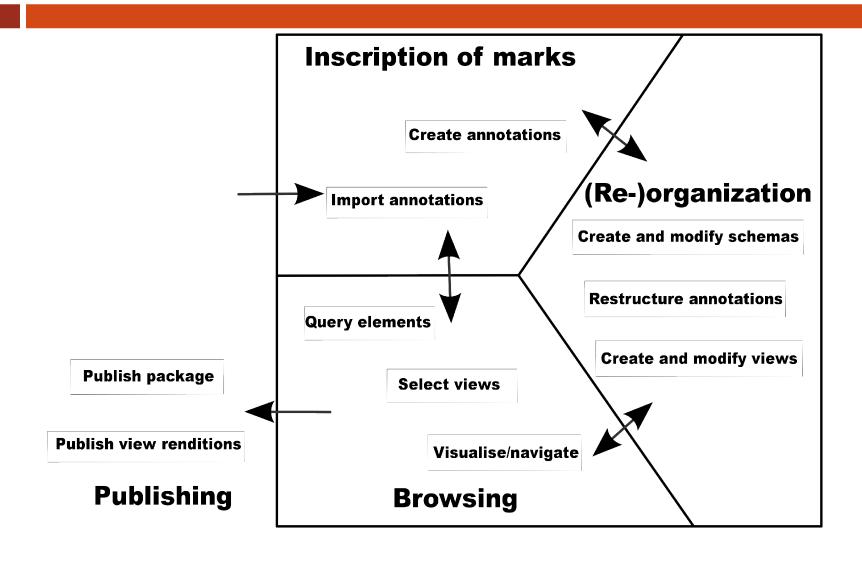
Summary

- Context active reading
- Advene project
 - Use case: museographie.fr
- Visu project
- Conclusion

Intended audience

- Targets: scholars, movie critics...
- Willing to invest time to precisely annotate video documents
- Specific analyses
- Small-scale corpuses

Active reading

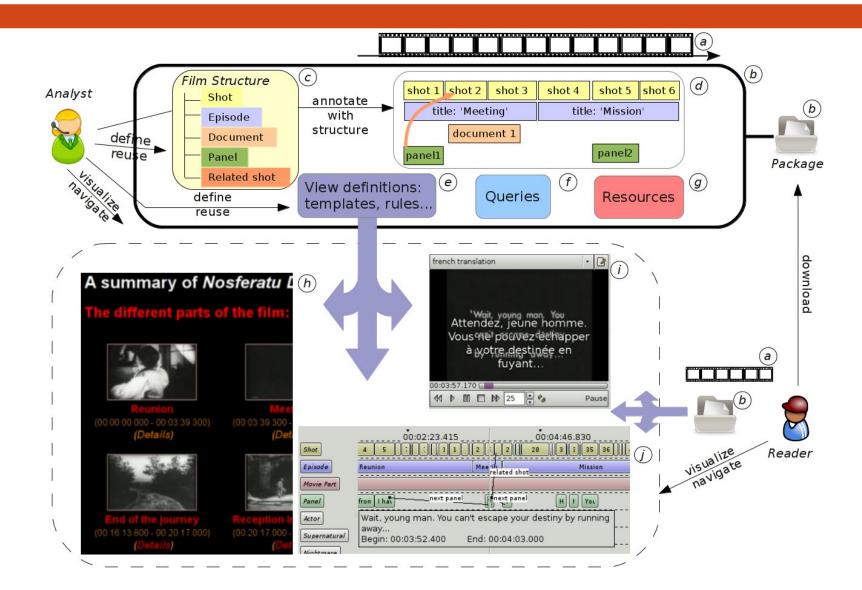


Advene project

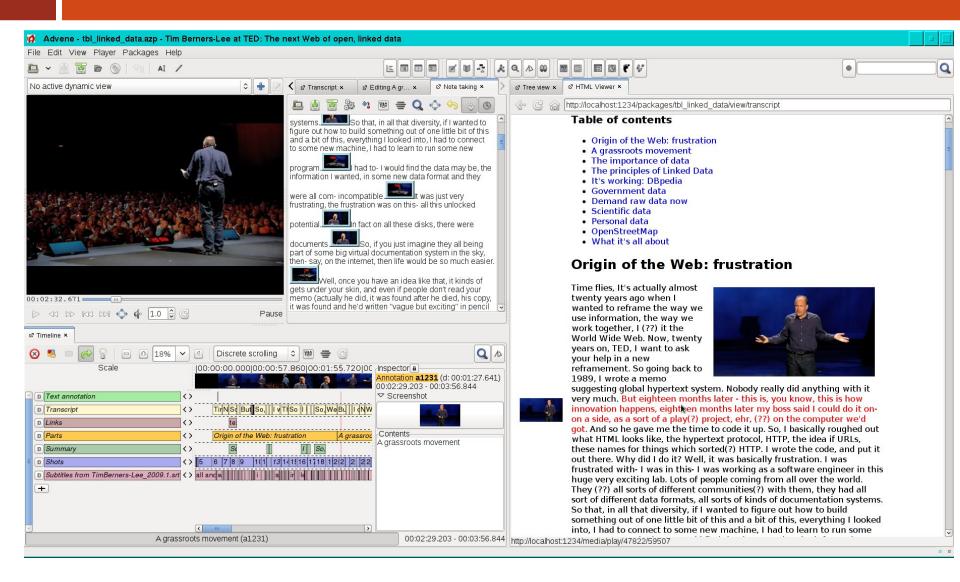


- Annotate Digital Video, Exchange on the Net:
 - Create, use, exchange one's own analyses of audiovisual documents as hypervideos
- Since 2002 with Yannick Prié and P.A.
 Champin
- Free software (GPL) cross-platform desktop app.
 - www.advene.org

Advene principle



Advene interface

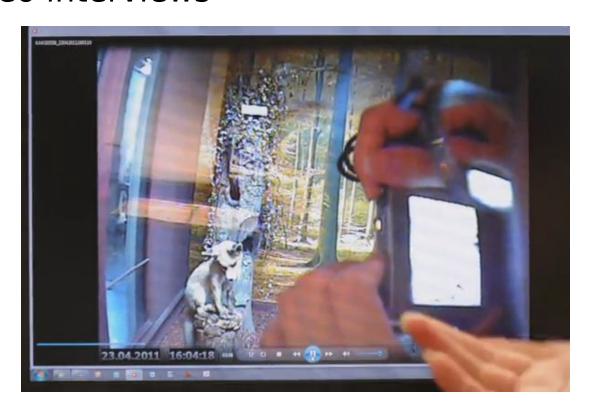


Different levels of flexibility

- Accompanying the exploratory analysis
- Variety of annotation creation interfaces
 - Manual annotation with possible assistants
 - Using automatic results as base
- Flexibility in annotation structure
 - Dynamic (re)structuring
- Flexibility in annotation visualisation

Actual use: museographie

Objective: study visitor's perception of museum exhibits through analysis of visitor video interviews



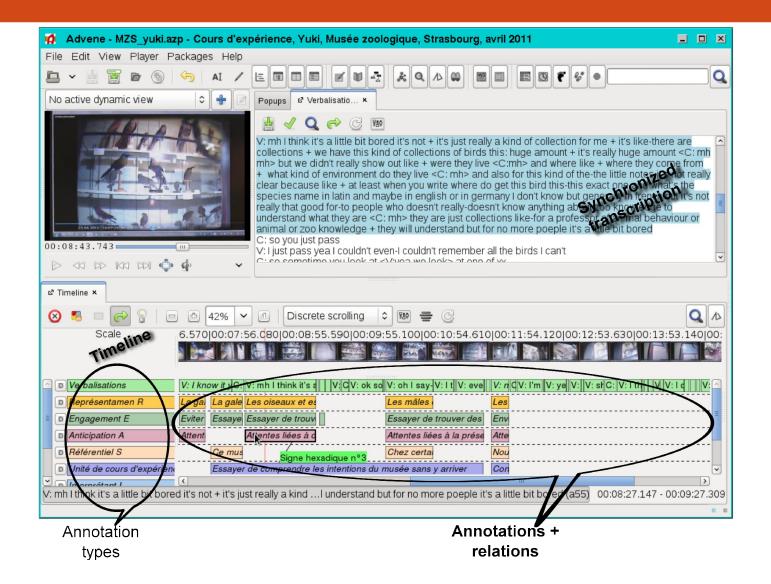
Technical setup



Analysis process

- Transcribe interview (note-taking view)
- Identify hexadic signs (from course-of-action methodology)
- Use relations to express courses of experience
- Generate visualizations through templates
- Write analyzes
- Publish on the web: www.museographie.fr

Advene interface



Published hypervideo



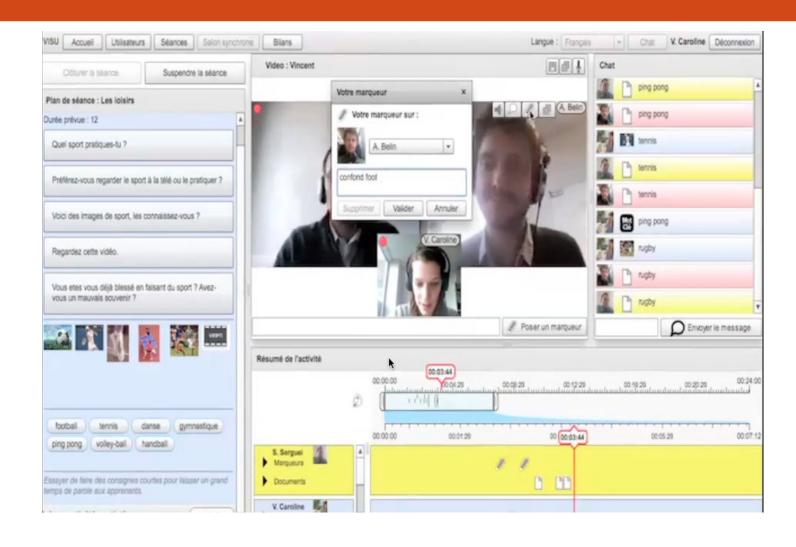
Visu project

- With Yannick Prié, Nicolas Guichon
- Web-based videoconferencing tool for language teaching
 - Session planning and management
 - Trace-based user activity monitoring
 - Document production from traces
- Free software (LGPL) until end 2011 github.com/ithaca/visu

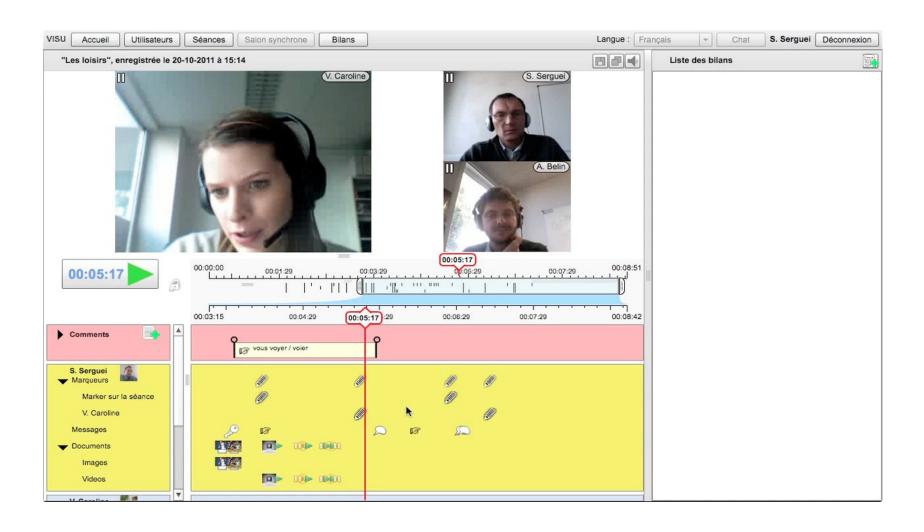
Traces in Visu

- 3 types of activity traces
 - Interaction trace (automatically recorded during the interaction)
 - Marker trace (set by users during the interaction)
 - Comment trace (set by users after the interaction in the retrospection room)

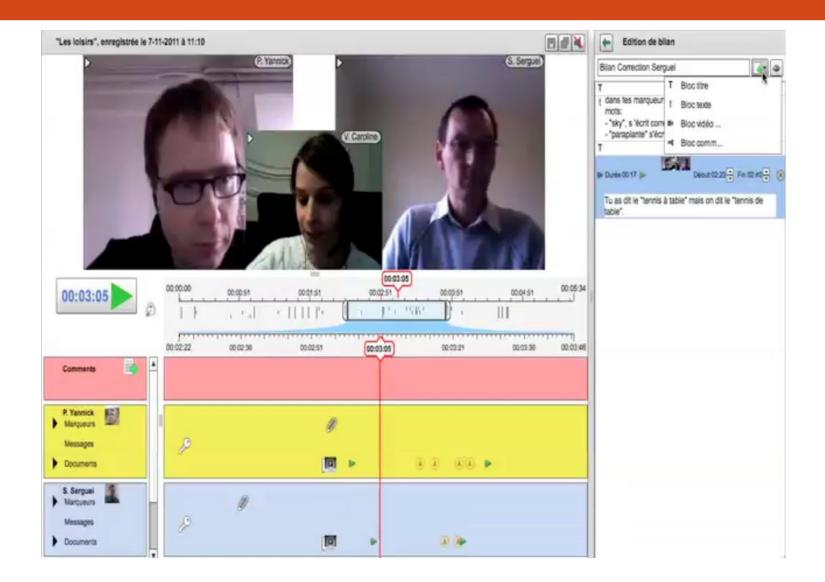
Interaction room



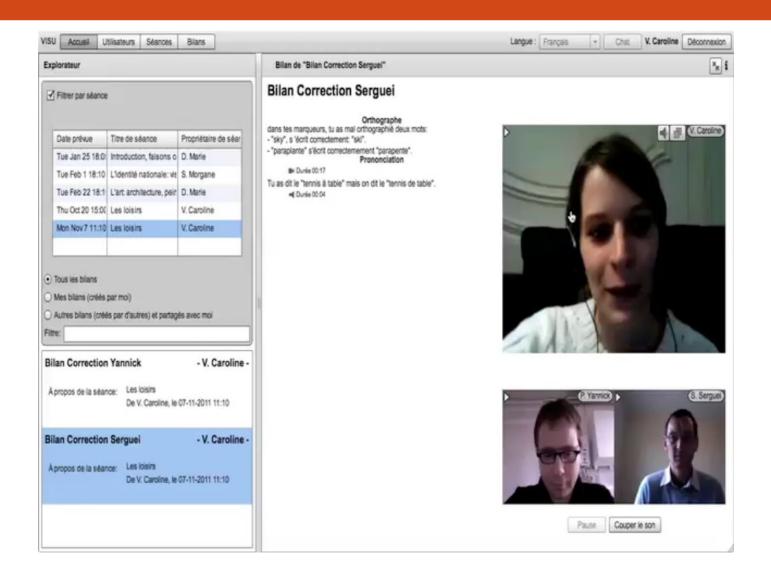
Retrospection room



Trace-based review editing



Review visualisation



Conclusion

- Annotations are not only for searching
 - Navigating/structuring
 - Hypervideo building based on annotations
- Automation cannot cover every need
 - Need for appropriate (possibly assisted) manual annotation tools...
 - ...that will be used by motivated users

Conclusion 2/2

- Lessons learned
 - Video annotation is a complex task
 - User motivation
 - Genericity vs. simplicity
 - Automation vs. specificity
 - Hypervideo building still requires assistance from experts
 - but we can gather standard practices and templates

Thanks

Thanks for your attention

www.advene.org www.museographie.fr www.visu-tutorat.org